

STANDARD WEIGHT PIPE DATA

Nom. Pipe Dia. (Inches)	Nom. Inside Dia. (Inches)	Nom. Outside Dia. (Inches)	Nom. Wt./Ft. (Pounds)	Length Containing One Cu. Ft. (Feet)	Gallons per Linear Ft. (Gallons)
1/8	0.269	0.405	0.245	2,526.000	0.0030
1/4	0.364	0.540	0.425	1,383.800	0.0054
3/8	0.493	0.675	0.568	754.360	0.0099
1/2	0.622	0.840	0.851	473.910	0.0158
3/4	0.824	1.050	1.131	270.030	0.0277
1	1.049	1.315	1.679	166.620	0.0449
1 1/4	1.380	1.660	2.273	96.275	0.0777
1 1/2	1.610	1.900	2.718	70.733	0.1058
2	2.067	2.375	3.653	49.913	0.1743
2 1/2	2.469	2.875	5.793	30.077	0.2487
3	3.068	3.500	7.580	19.479	0.3840
3 1/2	3.548	4.000	9.110	14.565	0.5136
4	4.026	4.500	10.790	11.312	0.6613
5	5.047	5.563	14.620	7.198	1.0393
6	6.065	6.625	18.970	4.984	1.5008
8	7.981	8.625	28.550	2.878	2.5988
10	10.020	10.750	40.480	1.826	4.0963

BARLOW'S FORMULA

Barlow's Formula is a safe, easy method for finding the relationship between internal fluid pressure and stress in the pipe wall. The formula predicts bursting pressures that have been found to be safely within the actual test bursting pressures.

It is interesting to note that the formula uses the "outside diameter" of pipe and is sometimes referred to as the "outside diameter formula."

$$P = (2 \cdot t \cdot S) / D$$

Where:

P = internal units pressure, in psi

S = unit stress, in psi

D = outside diameter of pipe, in inches

t = wall thickness, in inches